INNOVATIVE PRACTICES IN RENEWABLE ENERGIES TO IMPROVE RURAL EMPLOYABILITY

# THE PNEUMATIC ENGINE FEED BY ENERGY STORED FROM RENEWABLE SOURCES, AN ALTERNATIVE TO CONVENTIONAL FUELS

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## Short details from the project



Among the great challenges of the century in which we live one is the propulsion method.

Pneumatic propulsion engages in this vision.

#### GOALS

- To use an unconventional energy source
- To use knowledge to develop new ways of propulsion





## INNOVATION SOLUTIONS IN THE MOBILE

The most innovative solution in the car:

1. the using of chassis to preheating the "fuel"

2. creating a battery charging system with photovoltaic panels

3. the use of lightweight materials to achieve bodywork

4. the use of a programmable controller for the control of the car's control systems

The engine can be used for equipping small furniture used for recreation





### Pneumatic circuit







### Variation of cylinder parameters depending on the solenoid position

Description	Quantity value	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Double acting cylinder	Position mm	500 250					$\int$	$\mathbf{n}$	$\bigwedge$			_
Double acting cylinder	Velocity m/s	1 0_ -1				1	$\square$	J	1	ſ		/
5/3-way solenoid valve	Switching position	a O- b										
Push pressure	Pressure bar	9 6 3			N		N			N		l
Pull pressure	Pressure bar	9 6 3				K	\		X		K	





### To facilitate control, a programmable controller is used







To charge the batteries, high-efficiency photovoltaic cells are included in the car's case.



Maximum power: 45W Voltage at maximum power (Vmp): 17.6V Current at maximum power (Imp): 2.57A Open circuit voltage (Voc): 21.6V Short Circuit Current (Isc): 2.66A

A maximum 10 A regulator can be used for charging



Working mode: 12 / 24V Programming mode twilight sensor mode 7 functions Own consumption <6mA Maximum capacity / 10A module Maximum Output Capacity 10A Operating temperature -25 ... + 50C



